

Registration Document



Knowledge grows

Yara International ASA

Important notice

This Registration Document prepared according to Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, is valid for a period of up to 12 months following its approval by Norwegian FSA. This Registration Document was approved by the Norwegian FSA on 10^h March 2022. The prospectus for issuance of new bonds or other securities may for a period of up to 12 months from the date of the approval consist of this Registration Document, a securities note and a summary if applicable to each issue and subject to a separate approval.

This Registration Document is based on sources such as annual reports and publicly available information and forward looking information based on current expectations, estimates and projections about global economic conditions, the economic conditions of the regions and industries that are major markets for the Company line of business.

A prospective investor should consider carefully the factors set forth in chapter 1 - *Risk factors* -, and elsewhere in the Prospectus, and should consult his or her own expert advisers as to the suitability of an investment in bonds, including any legal requirements, exchange control regulations and tax consequences within the country of residence and domicile for the acquisition, holding and disposal of bonds relevant to such prospective investor.

The manager and/or affiliated companies and/or officers, directors and employees may be a market maker or hold a position in any instrument or related instrument discussed in this Registration Document and may perform or seek to perform financial advisory or banking services related to such instruments. The managers corporate finance department may act as manager or co-manager for this Company in private and/or public placement and/or resale not publicly available or commonly known. Copies of this Registration Document are not being mailed or otherwise distributed or sent in or into or made available in the United States. Persons receiving this document (including custodians, nominees and trustees) must not distribute or send such documents or any related documents in or into the United States.

Other than in compliance with applicable United States securities laws, no solicitations are being made or will be made, directly or indirectly, in the United States. Securities will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from registration requirements.

The distribution of the Registration Document may be limited by law also in other jurisdictions, for example in Canada, Japan, Australia and in the United Kingdom. Verification and approval of the Registration Document by the Norwegian FSA implies that the Registration Document may be used in any EEA country. No other measures have been taken to obtain authorisation to distribute the Registration Document in any jurisdiction where such action is required, and any information contained herein or in any other sales document relating to bonds does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

The content of the Prospectus does not constitute legal, financial or tax advice and potential investors should seek legal, financial and/or tax advice.

Unless otherwise stated, the Prospectus is subject to Norwegian law. In the event of any dispute regarding the Prospectus, Norwegian law will apply.

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1. Risk factors

Investing in bonds involves inherent risks. Prospective investors should carefully consider, among other things, the risk factors set out in the Registration Document before making an investment decision.

A prospective investor should carefully consider all the risks related to the Company and should consult his or her own expert advisors as to the suitability of an investment in bonds issued by the Company. An investment in bonds entails significant risks and is suitable only for investors who understand the risk factors associated with this type of investment and who can afford a loss of all or part of the investment. Against this background, an investor should thus make a careful assessment of the Company, its creditworthiness and its prospects before deciding to invest, including its current and future tax position.

The Company believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in bonds in the Company, but the Company may be unable to pay interest, principal or other amounts or in connection with bonds for other reasons which may not be considered significant risks by the Company based on information currently available to it or which it may not currently be able to anticipate. The risks within each category are listed, in the view of the Company, according to the possible negative impact they may have and the probability of their occurrence. The greatest risk within each category is generally mentioned first. It applies for all risk factors that, if materialized, and depending on the circumstances, may have an adverse effect on the Company and which may reduce anticipated revenue and profitability, ultimately resulting in a potential insolvency situation.

RISKS RELATING TO THE COMPANY

Strategic risks

Nitrogen commodity fertilizer prices

A large part of the Company's business consists of sales of fertilizer products used in agriculture. While a growing world population, economic growth and changing dietary patterns are driving overall demand for food and fertilizer, swings in agricultural prices along with changes in global and regional fertilizer production capacity, particularly from China, could significantly impact the Company's profitability.

Natural gas and other raw materials prices and availability

Due to natural gas being a key raw material in the production of nitrogen-based chemicals and fertilizer products, the pricing and availability of natural gas across regions is a strategic factor for the Company. In Europe, future developments are linked to Gazprom's appetite for gas exports alongside winter temperatures on the northern hemisphere. The Company purchases phosphate rock (apatite), energy, chemicals, ammonia and potash from a limited number of suppliers with limited alternatives. There can be no assurance that the Company's supply of natural gas and other essential raw materials will not be delayed or interrupted and the availability and prices of natural gas and other raw materials may be negatively affected by, among other factors: geopolitical tensions, the imposition of sanctions, sudden increases in the market prices for raw materials, or, interruptions in production by suppliers. As an example, the Company announced on 17 September 2021 a curtailment of 40% of its European ammonia production capacity due to record high natural gas prices in Europe. Securing access to and stable supplies of favourably priced natural gas is imperative to the Company's operations and competitiveness.

The disruptions of key raw materials may reduce the net operating cash flow generated by the Company. If those disruptions persist over time, they could impair the capacity of the company to service its debt (with ultimately a risk of default) or force it to sell assets (perhaps at below market price).

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Investments and integration

The Company is an integrated food solutions company and has an ambition to grow profitably, through broadening its core business model. It also aims at developing new business areas and new revenue streams, such as enabling a hydrogen economy, while driving sustainable performance on its core business. A challenge will be to prioritize and manage a high number of initiatives, to allocate enough management attention and resources to ensure proper execution of new transformation initiatives, to transform these into revenue generating businesses, and at the same time with the same resources, keep momentum on operations and running the business (transform vs. perform). More generally, investments poses a risk of not being able to capture operational and financial benefits and synergies. The impairments of USD 385m for the Salitre phosphate mining project in Brazil and of USD 232m for the Dallol potash mining project in Ethiopia, disclosed respectively in the Q3 and Q4 financial reports 2021, are recent illustrations on how investments may not deliver as expected.

Regulatory framework on production/application of nitrogen fertilizer

There is an increasing trend of stricter governmental regulations impacting both production economics (Emission trading system in Europe) and application of fertilizer related both to the environmental aspects and safety related aspects of handling and applying fertilizer. These regulations could have a substantial impact on the Company's earnings.

Political risk

The Company's investments and operations may be affected as a result of changes in political leadership, policies and regulations as well as political and social instability in a country or a region. The Company is exposed to political risks throughout the whole value-chain; raw material sourcing, production, in-/outbound logistics and commercial markets due to its operational footprint in political high risk countries. The Company is exposed through operations and investments in countries that may be categorized as geopolitical high risk countries. Political changes could represent significant challenges to the Company's investments and operations in such countries and regions, and may interrupt business operations and performance significantly.

Operational risksSupply chain

The Company faces internal and external risks, in the production, industrial and crop nutrition part of the supply chain. Bottlenecks and inefficiencies in the planning, procurement, transport, handling or delivery of products may affect the Company's ability to honour its commitments and could negatively impact the Company's performance. In particular, the Company has been experiencing supply chain disruptions related to COVID-19 and government measures in response to the pandemic. Although nitrogen fertilizers have so far been exempt from the supply chain barriers established by many governments, on the basis of their importance to the food chain, there can be no guarantee that the Company's contingency plans will mitigate any potential disruptions along its supply chain.

Production reliability

The Company's production may be interrupted due to unreliability and irregularities that may result in lost volumes and revenues. Production unreliability and irregularities may be a result of lack of resources with sufficient capacity and competence, insufficient systematic maintenance on regular basis, ageing plants and production equipment, and failure to meet targets on major maintenance stops. Production stops may also be caused due to process safety accidents or mishandling involving hazardous substances that could cause severe damage or injury to property, the environment and human health. Production stops may lead to disruption of supplies and markets.

Cyber risk / Information Security; Production Environment

Unauthorized remote access to digital industrial control systems may have potential impact that reaches from an undesired plant shut-down, up to critical conditions causing significant safety and reliability risks, financial and reputational damage. Ransomware is the main identified threat for cyber risk, even though not the only one.

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Should a cyber-attack succeed against the Company, the hacker may stop the production of fertilisers and ask for ransom of several million of US dollars. This may also result in reputational damage, as it may indicate insufficient preparation of the Company or its failures to manage the issue.

Cyber risk / Information Security; Office Environment

Unauthorized access to confidential or strictly confidential data, unintended changes and/or unavailability of business critical data can negatively impact the Company's internal processes and lead to severe financial and reputational damage. Ransomware is the main identified thread for cyber risk, even though not the only one.

For instance, hackers could take control of our ERP system and prevent Yara from carrying out transactions. In such case, the Company may not be able to source raw materials, produce fertilizers, ship it, pay suppliers or sell products to customers.

COVID-19

There is still significant uncertainty related to the breadth and duration of business disruptions related to the COVID-19 outbreak, including store and plant closures, as well as its long- and short-time impact on the global economy and consumer confidence. The extent to which COVID-19 will impact the Company's results depend on future developments, which are still uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge and actions to contain it or treat its impact. Although the Company's operations have currently been running without significant disruption related to COVID-19, the situation is still uncertain and could change quickly.

More concrete examples of the COVID-19 challenges experienced are: employees not working because they are sick or under quarantine, and farmers having less cash to buy fertilizers. It also includes supply chain issues, such as lack of truck drivers, trains not available or ships not being able to unload fertilizers in some ports. All those issues results in the company selling less products and having higher costs.

Human capital

The Company's ability to compete effectively and meet market demands depends heavily on the competence, experience and performance of its employees. Qualified, diverse and skilled staff is essential for the Company's business to be successful.

Should the Company not being able to recruit talented people, this could result in Management failing to implement Yara's strategy, i.e. running Yara's core business while developing new ones. Over the long term, the Company could lose its position to competitors and disclose a weaker financial performance.

Financial risksCurrency risk

As the Company's fertilizer business is essentially a US dollar business, prices of the Company's most important products and raw materials are either directly denominated or determined in US dollars. For instance, the Company has a large cost base in Europe, primarily denominated in euro. As a result, a weakening U.S. dollar against the euro can adversely affect the Company's results of operations. Further, there is a country risk exposure with focus on transfer risk for certain high-risk countries. Risk exposures related to macro and financial markets, in addition to high-risk countries and currency exposure are closely monitored.

Commodity risk

The costs and revenues of the Company depends on the prices of several commodities, the main being natural gas (costs) and urea (revenues). Urea is a proxy for the price of fertilizers in the world. Should the price of Natural gas go up while the price of urea goes down, the profits of the Company would be squeezed.

Interest rate risk

Some of the Company's debt has floating interest rates, meaning they can vary over time depending on market conditions and economic cycles. When rates increase, the Company has to pay higher interest on its debt. This reduces the profits and net operating cash flows of the Company accordingly. According to its Q4 2021 financial report, Yara had USD 3902 million of debt as of December 2021 and booked interest expenses and other financial items for USD 164 million during 2021. A large portion of the debt has interest rates based on US benchmark rates, plus a margin. This means that a rise of the benchmark rates would result in higher interest expenses for the Company and reduce its profitability. Interest rates vary through the economic cycle and depends on central banks' monetary policies, among other things. Should Yara miss interest payments, this could trigger an event of default on its loan agreements and result in the debt of the Company to be immediately due.

Credit risk

The Company gives credit to some of its customers, i.e. it delivers products before being paid for it. Should customers not being able or willing to pay, the Company would suffer a financial loss.

Health, Environment, Safety and Quality (HESQ) risks

Health and safety

The Company's production sites are large industrial plants, and many of the Company's raw materials, intermediates and products are classified as substances dangerous to health. Such a working environment contains various potential occupational health and safety risks to employees and contractors working on site. While the Company's raw materials are often dangerous chemicals, the final fertilizers typically are not classified as hazardous, and the occupational health and safety risk at the use phase is minor.

The consequences for the Company could be a damage to its reputation for not taking care of its employees and fines to be paid for not being compliant with safety regulation.

Physical security risk

The Company's global operations may be exposed to threat actors as criminals, activists, local population, competitors, terrorists and states which could harm operations and personnel. The Company is exposed to risk of theft, robbery and violence impacting security of our operations, employees and executives, and further environmental activism which impact our operations, supply chains and offices. The Company is exposed due to its operational foot-print in high risk countries, in addition to the type of operations and products produced and sold. There is also a risk of misuse of the Company's supply chain for e.g. smuggling of illegal substances in our cargo, and the Company may then be "involved" in drug operations or other acts of crime. Security risk exposures are closely monitored by the global security and emergency team.

Sanctions and regulatory risks

Business activities in various countries

The Company currently conducts business, and could in the future decide to take part in new business activities, in locations where certain parties are or may become subject to trade sanctions imposed by the UK government, EU Commission, U.S. government or other governments. No assurance can be made that the Company's policies will always ensure that it is in compliance with sanctions regulations, and the Company may in the future enter into transactions that breach these sanctions. If the Company were to be in non-compliance with applicable sanctions in the future, this could result in substantial fines and negative publicity, and could have a material adverse effect on investments in the bonds.

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Climate change legislation may have a material adverse effect on the Company's industry

Continued public concern regarding climate change, the extent to which it is caused by human activity and potential efforts to mitigate such change through regulation could have a material impact on the Company's business. International agreements, national and regional legislation, and regulatory measures to limit greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions are currently in place or in various stages of discussion or implementation. Given that some of the Company's operations are associated with emissions of GHGs, these and other GHG emissions-related laws, policies and regulations may result in substantial capital, compliance, operating and maintenance costs. The level of expenditure required to comply with these laws and regulations is uncertain and is expected to vary depending on the laws enacted at various levels. For example, the United Nations COP21 Climate Change Conference in Paris in December 2015 produced the "Paris Agreement," which requires participating nations to reduce GHG emissions every five years, beginning in 2023, but does not include proposals specifically targeting the Company's industry. In addition, in May 2020, the European Commission communicated the EU Biodiversity Strategy and Farm To Fork Strategy for 2030. These strategies articulate a series of proposals related to, among other things, the reduction of pollution as a result of nitrogen and phosphorous flows from fertilizer. The European Commission has estimated that the implementation of these proposals, which remain subject to ongoing review and approval, would require at least a 20% reduction in the use of fertilizers in the EU. Such emission reduction targets, climate change legislation or similar legislative or regulatory initiatives and policies enacted in the future by the countries in which the Company operate, could adversely impact the Company's business by imposing increased costs in the form of taxes or for the purchase of emission allowances.

2. Persons responsible

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INFORMATION

Responsible for the information given in the Registration Document are as follows:

Yara International ASA
Drammensveien 131
0277 OSLO, Norway.

DECLARATION BY RESPONSIBLE

Yara International ASA confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained in the Registration Document is in accordance with the facts and that the Registration Document makes no omission likely to affect its import.

Yara International ASA

On 10.03.2022.

Two handwritten signatures in blue ink. The first signature is 'Lu Beigh' and the second is 'Nina Klew'.

COMPETENT AUTHORITY APPROVAL

This Registration Document, drawn up as part of a simplified prospectus in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, has been approved by the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway (the "Norwegian FSA") (Finanstilsynet), as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. The Norwegian FSA only approves this Registration Document as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by Regulation (EU) 2017/1129. Such approval should not be considered as an endorsement of the issuer that is the subject of this Registration Document.

3. Definitions

Company	-	Yara International ASA with registration number 986 228 608 and LEI code 213800WKOUWXWFJ5Z514.
Group / Yara / Yara Group	-	The Company together with its subsidiaries.
Prospectus	-	The Registration Document together with the Securities Note and, if applicable, the Summary.
Registration Document	-	This registration document dated 10.03.2022.
Securities Note	-	Document to be prepared for each new issue of bonds under the Prospectus.
Summary	-	If applicable, a document to be prepared for new issues of bonds under the Prospectus.

4. Statutory auditors

The Company's independent auditor for the period, which has covered the historical financial information in this Registration Document, has been Deloitte AS ("Deloitte"), with business registration number 980 211 282, and address Dronning Eufemias gate 14, Postboks 221 Sentrum, 0103 Oslo, Norway.

Deloitte is a member of Den Norske Revisorforeningen (The Norwegian Institute of Public Accountants).

5. Information about the Company

The Company’s development is rooted in that of Norwegian industrial firm Norsk Hydro, which dates back to 1905. That’s when industrialists Sam Eyde, Kristian Birkeland and Marcus Wallenberg tapped into Norway’s large hydro energy resources to produce the company’s first important product: Mineral fertilizer, which attracted attention from all over the world since it enabled farmers to boost their yields.

Decades later, after Norsk Hydro itself had expanded into a vast array of businesses from fertilizers to oil to metals, the division mostly devoted to agricultural products and co-products was spun off into its own entity: Yara International ASA.

Yara International ASA is a public limited company incorporated in Norway on 10th November 2003 and regulated by the Norwegian Companies Act and supplementing Norwegian laws and regulations. The Company is registered in the Norwegian Companies Registry with registration number 986 228 608 and LEI code 213800WKOUWXWFJ5Z514. The legal name of the Company is Yara International ASA, and the commercial name is Yara. The Company’s registered business address is Drammensveien 131, 0277 Oslo, Norway. Post address: P.O. Box 343 Skøyen, 0213 Oslo, Norway. Phone: +47 24 15 70 00. Website: www.yara.com¹.

Yara has today a worldwide presence with about 17,000 employees and operations in over 60 countries. Yara delivers solutions for sustainable agriculture and the environment. It's fertilizers and crop nutrition programs help produce the food required for the growing world population. Yara's industrial products and solutions reduce emissions, improve air quality and support safe and efficient operations.

The parent company, Yara International ASA is a holding company, with financial activities and corporate functions. It primarily holds shares in its subsidiaries and provides financing to entities in the Yara Group. Revenues mainly stem from allocation of costs related to intragroup services provided. For a list of the Company’s materials subsidiaries please see Yara’s Annual Report 2020, note 8.4 (consolidated). Please see the cross-reference list in section 11 in this Registration Document.

The organization



¹ Disclaimer - the information on the website does not form part of this Registration Document unless information is incorporated by reference into the Registration Document

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The scope of Yara's business is defined in its Articles of Association, section 2:

"The objectives of the company are to engage in industry, commerce and transport, and to engage in other activities connected with these objectives. Activities may also proceed through participation in or in co-operation with other enterprises."

Rating agencies Moody's and Standard & Poor's have rated Yara as investment grade. Reflecting its strong market position and cost leadership, Yara is rated investment grade "Baa2" with Moody's and "BBB" with Standard & Poor's.

6. Business overview

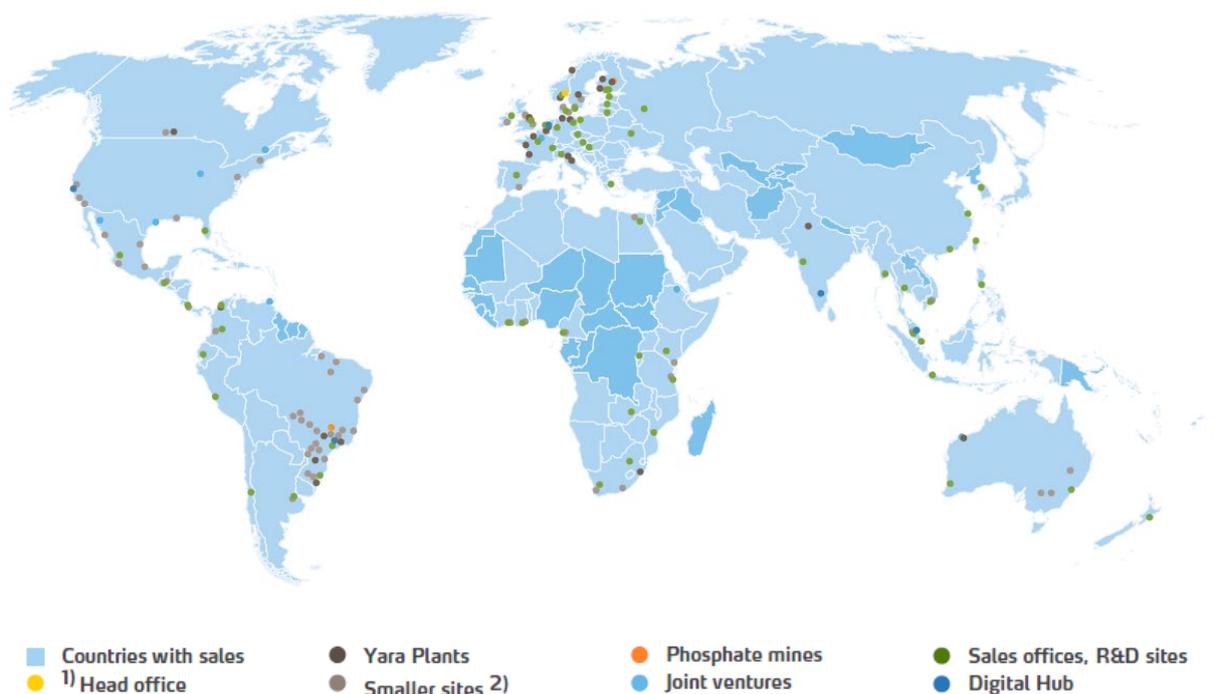
The source of the information contained in this Registration Document and any statements regarding Yara's position is from the Company itself.

Yara is an integrated food solutions company with an industrial portfolio. Yara's knowledge, products, and solutions grow customers' businesses profitably and responsibly, while protecting the earth's resources, food, and environment. The Company mission is to "Responsibly feed the world and protect the planet".

Yara's business activities are carried out within six operational segments: Europe, Americas, Africa & Asia, Global Plants & Operational Excellence, Clean Ammonia and Industrial Solutions.

In addition, Yara has a global function - Farming Solutions. This function has a global mandate to drive the transformation of Yara's core crop nutrition business, developing both existing and new solutions including premium products, digital business, food value chain collaboration and climate-neutral solutions.

Global presence - Yara is a global player combining production of premium products with a farmer-centric approach, turning a century of agronomic knowledge into value for millions of farmers around the globe.



Europe

Yara Europe comprises sales, marketing and production within Europe. Yara Europe markets crop nutrition solutions to farmers and the food value chain, offering crop nutrition products and agronomical advices. The product portfolio is comprehensive, ranging from standard nitrogen-based fertilizer to specialty products, the main being Calcium Nitrates and compound fertilizer (NPK).

Products sales are today mainly made spot to distributors based on ordinary purchase orders and underlying frame agreements. Products are sold to a variety of customers covering wholesale, co-

1) More than 10,800 Yara-branded retail outlets around the world
2) Yara operated terminals and logistical production sites

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operatives, retail, and to a lesser extent direct to farmers. The types of customers and products sold differ between regional markets, and the off-take of product varies throughout the fertilizer seasons in the different markets.

Yara Europe has 11 fertilizer plants across Europe. The plants have different product portfolios and are located to serve both domestic and export markets. In addition, the region operates more than 100 terminals and warehouses (owned and leased) and has a direct presence in around 30 European countries. The majority of products sold are produced at own sites in the region.

Americas

Yara Americas comprises sales, marketing and production within the regional business units of North America, Latin America and Brazil. The segment markets a comprehensive offering of crop nutrition solutions and services including a broad product portfolio comprising nitrogen-based fertilizer and compound fertilizer (NPK) that contain all of the three major plant nutrients: nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) and potassium (K) as well as foliar and fertigation solutions through micronutrients. The region also sells phosphate and potash-based fertilizers which to a large extent are sourced from third parties.

The North America business unit operates a wholly owned plant in Belle Plaine, Canada and also participates in the joint operations Trinidad Nitrogen Company Ltd. in Trinidad and Yara Freeport LLC DBA Texas Ammonia in the US. A smaller portion of the urea and urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) sales are sourced from third party producers. In addition to crop nutrition solutions, North America markets industrial application solutions such as waste water treatment and additives for the construction industry and oil field services.

The Latin America business unit covers all Spanish-speaking markets in the Americas, from Mexico in the North to Argentina in the South. In Colombia Yara owns a production facility in Cartagena which mainly serves the local Colombian market with compound fertilizer (NPK) and calcium nitrate (CN) products. The Cartagena facility also produces soluble ammonium nitrate to supply local customers.

The Brazil business unit operates more than 20 blending units (typically a facility mixing N, P and K, to make NPK fertilizer) and distribution sites with a geo-graphic spread to supply Brazil's main agricultural markets. It also includes the fully owned production plants at Rio Grande, Ponta Grossa, Cubatão, Paulínia, Salitre and Sumaré.

Africa & Asia

Yara Africa & Asia comprises sales, marketing, distribution and production of fertilizers and industrial products across Asia-Pacific, Africa and Oceania regions. The segment markets a comprehensive offering of crop nutrition solutions and services including a broad product portfolio comprising nitrogen-based fertilizer and compound fertilizers (NPK) designed for soil application. This portfolio is complemented by foliar and soluble products, serving a different range of crop application. A significant part of the products marketed are sourced from Yara production plants, both inside and outside the Africa & Asia region.

Most of the customers in the region are smallholders farmers. Yara reaches these customers through distributors, retailers and co-operatives based on different commercial agreements. The region also includes more mature agricultural markets such as South Africa, Australia and New Zealand where Yara often sells directly to professional large-scale crop farmers. The type of customers and product portfolio sold differs greatly between the different markets.

The region has offices and operational units in more than 20 countries, with most significant business operations in China, India, Thailand, South Africa and Australia. As a complementary part to the crop nutrition distribution business, the fertilizer production comprehends one production facility in Australia producing Ammonia and Technical Ammonium Nitrate (TAN) and one production facility at

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Babrala in India producing ammonia and urea. The ammonia produced in Australia is commercialized by Yara's ammonia trade and shipping activity within the operating segment Global Plants & Operational Excellence, while the technical ammonium nitrate (TAN) is commercialized by the operating segment Industrial Solutions in the Australian mining market. The production facility producing technical ammonium nitrate (TAN) is a joint operation (Yara Pilbara Nitrates Pty Ltd.). The ammonia produced at Babrala is used for the production of urea at the same plant. The urea produced at the plant is sold under a subsidized government scheme in India.

Global Plants & Operational Excellence

The Global Plants & Operational Excellence segment operates Yara's largest, and export oriented, production plants in Porsgrunn (Norway) and in Sluiskil (the Netherlands) and has a key role in driving operational improvements, competence development and technical project execution across Yara's production system.

Clean Ammonia

The Clean Ammonia segment contains Yara's Ammonia Trade and Shipping business, which plays a vital role in Yara's production system as it off-takes excess ammonia volume from producing plants and delivers ammonia to consuming plants to optimize production capacity utilization. In addition, Yara Ammonia Trade and Shipping sources and trades ammonia externally. The segment is also evaluating several new green and blue ammonia projects with the aim to serve growing markets for clean ammonia and add scale to the existing business.

Industrial Solutions

Yara Industrial Solutions mainly provides nitrogen based solutions and services across a wide range of industries including automotive, construction, waste handling and circular economy, shipping, chemicals, mining and animal feed. There is a strong environmental focus to Yara Industrial Solutions and a large portion of revenue is derived from AdBlue, an urea-based reagent used by diesel vehicles to reduce nitrogen oxide emissions. The segment also offers NOx abatement solutions for industrial plants and transport at both land and sea. In addition, Yara Industrial Solutions is continuously working to develop product and service offerings in high growth markets as well as additional green and sustainable opportunities globally.

Yara Industrial Solutions performs its activities through five global commercial units; Transport Reagents, Mining Applications, Base Chemicals, Industrial Nitrates and Yara Marine Technologies. These commercial units are backed by six dedicated production plants across Europe, Latin America, Asia and Africa. In addition, the segment has arm's length commercial agreements with the rest of Yara's global production plant network and external suppliers. Through direct sales and distributors, Yara Industrial Solutions is able to provide its customers with products and services backed by deep local knowledge combined with global best practice expertise. The customer contracts are to a large extent medium to long-term contracts, however products are also sold spot based on ordinary purchase orders. In some markets the segment delivers equipment and services to store or handle products.

7. Administrative, management and supervisory bodies

Board of Directors:

Name	Position
Trond Berger	Chair of the Board
Kimberly Marie Mathisen	Vice Chair
Håkon Reistad Fure	Board Member
Adele Bugge Norman Pran	Board Member
John Gabriel Thuestad	Board Member
Birgitte Ringstad Vartdal	Board Member
Rune Asle Bratteberg	Board Member (employee representative)
Ragnhild Flesland Høimyr	Board Member (employee representative)
Øystein Jerkø Kostøl	Board Member (employee representative)
Geir Olav Sundbø	Board Member (employee representative)

Set out below are brief biographies of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company:

Trond Berger - Chair of the Board

Mr. Berger (born 1957) is Investment Director at Blommenholm Industrier since 2019.

In 2019, Mr. Berger was appointed Investment director at Blommenholm Industrier. From 1999 to 2019, Mr. Berger served as Executive Vice President of Schibsted ASA. Previous positions also include: Investment Director with Stormbull (1998), Executive Vice President (CFO) of Nycomed ASA and Executive Vice President, Strategy and Business Development at Nycomed Amersham (1997-98), and partner at Arthur Andersen (1981-92).

Trond Berger holds an MA in Economics from the BI Norwegian School of Management and is a State-Authorized Public Accountant. He is also a graduate of the Norwegian Armed Forces' Officer Candidate School (1977).

Kimberly Marie Mathisen - Vice Chair

Kimberly Marie Mathisen (born 1972) is General Manager of Microsoft Norway.

From 2013 to 2016 Mathisen was CEO of Orkla Home & Personal Care, and from 2001 to 2013 she held a series of senior management positions in Eli Lilly & Co, based both in North America, Europe and Asia. She has experience as an entrepreneur and co-founder of Appear Networks AB (2000-2001) and as a Production Leader in Procter & Gamble (1994-1999). Mathisen is a board member of Abelia, NHST Media Group, and has over a number of years been a board member of the American Chamber of Commerce, both in Norway and Germany. She also has previous board member experience from Borregaard AS, Meda AB and Kappa Bioscience AS.

Mathisen holds a Bachelor of Science, Industrial Engineering from the University of Illinois and an MBA from Harvard Business School.

Håkon Reistad Fure - Board Member

Håkon Reistad Fure (born 1987) is Chairman of Company One.

From 2015 to 2018 Fure was a board member of Storebrand ASA, and from 2007 to 2014 Fure was an analyst at DNB Markets Equity Research, covering the Materials and Banking sectors.

Fure holds an MSc in Finance from the Norwegian School of Management (Handelshøyskolen BI).

Adele Bugge Norman Pran - Board Member

Adele Bugge Norman Pran (born 1970) is a Professional Board Director that currently serves on the boards of ABG Sundal Collier ASA, Zalaris ASA, B2 Holding ASA, Mesta AS, Protector ASA and two

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family owned companies. In addition she is a director for ABG Sundal Collier Women for Finance Foundation. From 2004 to 2016 Pran was CFO and later Partner at Herkules Capital. Pran has previous experience from PWC Transaction Services (1999-2004).

Pran holds a Master and Bachelor of Law from Oslo University and a Master in accounting and auditing from the Norwegian School of Economics and Business Administration (NHH).

John Gabriel Thuestad - Board Member

Mr Thuestad (born 1960) is Executive Vice President Bauxite & Alumina in Hydro.

Mr. Thuestad has been EVP of Norsk Hydro ASA and responsible for the Bauxite and Alumina Business Area since June 2018. Prior to this, Thuestad led Hydro Extruded Solutions, Europe. From 2013 to 2017, Thuestad held the position of EVP Sapa Extrusions Europe. From 2012 to 2013 he led Sapa Profiles with production plants in Europe, North America and China. From 2009 to 2012 he led Alcoa Global Primary Products with 40 locations in Australia, Latin America, Europe and North America. Thuestad has previously been the CEO of Elkem AS and Elkem Aluminium AS. Prior to that, Thuestad was Managing Director of Norzink AS and Fundo AS.

Mr Thuestad has served as Board member/Chairman of Tyssefaldene AS 1997-2000, Board member of Borregaard AS 2005-2007, Statkraft/ Groener AS 2000-2003 and as Officer of Alcoa Inc 2010 – 2011.

He holds a Master's degree in Civil Engineering; and an MBA from Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, USA.

Birgitte Ringstad Vartdal - Board Member

Mrs. Vartdal (born 1977) is EVP of Statkraft and responsible for Statkraft's European Wind and Solar. From 2016 to 2019 Vartdal served as CEO of Golden Ocean Group, and from 2010 to 2016 as CFO of Golden ocean Group. Previously she has held various management positions in Torvald Klaveness and worked for Hydro Energi.

She holds a MSc in Engineering Mathematics from the Norwegian School of Science and Technology (NTNU) and a Msc in Financial Mathematics from Heriot-Watt University in Edinburgh.

Rune Asle Bratteberg - Board Member (employee representative)

Mr. Bratteberg (born 1960) is Head of Chemical Compliance in Yara.

Mr. Bratteberg has been a Yara (Hydro) employee since 1986, currently in the position of Head of Chemical Compliance. He has held different IT and HESQ leadership positions within Hydro and Yara, from 2001 to 2009 as CIO. Bratteberg has been a member of the Chemical Industry Advisory Board to SAP AG 2004-2009, and Chairman of the Board at the Scandinavian School of Brussels 2009-2011.

Mr Bratteberg holds a Degree in Information Technology and a degree in Nordic Languages and History.

Ragnhild Flesland Høimyr - Board Member (employee representative)

Ms. Høimyr (born 1987) has been a Yara employee since 2015, currently in the position of Production Manager CN & NPK2 at the Porsgrunn Plant. Previously, Ms. Høimyr held the position of Process Engineer NPK/CN area in Porsgrunn (2015-2019). She has served as member of the Telemark University College Board (2010-2012), and as Chairman of the Board of the Student Welfare Organization in Telemark (2012-2014).

Ms. Høimyr holds a Master of Science degree from the University South-Eastern Norway.

Øystein Jerkø Kostøl - Board Member (employee representative)

Mr Kostøl (born 1982) has been a Yara employee since 2012, currently in the position of Senior Innovation Manager in the Climate Neutral Solutions department, responsible for market development. The first three years working for Yara, Mr Kostøl was based in Ethiopia, working on the Dallol mining project.

Successively, he worked as project manager in different Yara mining projects until 2017 when he started in the Innovation department, focusing on climate neutral solutions. Mr Kostøl has previously worked in the Norwegian utility company Statkraft and Mr. Kostøl is heading the Yara Tekna group, which organizes Yara employees holding a master of Technology degree.

He holds a Master of Technology degree from NTNU (Trondheim, Norway) on Energy and Environment.

Geir Olav Sundbø - Board Member (employee representative)

Mr. Sundbø (born 1963) is Senior Shop Steward of Yara Porsgrunn. Mr. Sundbø has been a Yara (Hydro) employee since 1987. He has been actively engaged in union matters in the Porsgrunn plant since 1989. Mr. Sundbø is Chairman of European Works Council (EWC), Yara International, Corporate employee representative of Yara International.

Mr. Sundbø is trained as Skilled Chemical Process operator.

Management:

Name	Position
Svein Tore Holsether	President and Chief Executive Officer
Thor Giæver	EVP & Chief Financial Officer
Lars Røsæg	EVP, Corporate Development & Deputy CEO
Mónica Andrés Enríquez	EVP, Europe
Solveig Hellebust	EVP, People, Process and Digitalization
Pål Hestad	EVP, Global Plants & Operational Excellence
Fernanda Lopes Larsen	EVP, Africa & Asia
Chrystal Monthean	EVP, Americas
Kristine Ryssdal	EVP & General Counsel

Set out below are brief biographies of the members of the Management of the Company:

Svein Tore Holsether - President and Chief Executive Officer

Svein Tore Holsether (born 1972) is President and Chief Executive Officer of Yara International since 2015.

Mr. Holsether is passionate about promoting the Sustainable Development Goals in the global business arena. To contribute to a thriving future and drive inclusive growth, he is member of the Executive Committee, Chair of the Food & Nature program for the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD), member of the steering committee of IMAGINE Food Collective, a nature champion and member of the Alliance of CEO Climate Leaders at the World Economic Forum (WEF). He was a Commissioner of the Business and Sustainable Development Commission (BSDC), and also serves as Chair of the International Fertilizer Association (IFA). In 2021, he was elected President of NHO, the Confederation of Norwegian Enterprise. Previously, Mr. Holsether has held a range of executive and senior position in large industrial companies.

Mr. Holsether has a BSc degree, specializing in Finance & Management, from the University of Utah, USA.

Thor Giæver - EVP & Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Giæver (born 1972) has served as Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer since July 2021.

Giæver joined Yara in 2004 and has held several senior positions in the company. He was SVP Investor Relations from 2011 to 2021 and has previously held the positions of Acting CFO (2014-2015) and Head of Controlling & Risk Management (2009-2011). He also has earlier experience from a number of finance positions at Ford Motor Company (1996-2004).

Giæver holds a BSc (Hons) degree from the School of Management, University of Bath, UK.

Lars Røsæg - EVP, Corporate Development & Deputy CEO

Mr. Røsæg (born 1982) has served as Executive Vice President Corporate Development & Deputy CEO since July 2021 and leads the Farming Solutions organization since January 2022.

He previously held the position of EVP & Chief Financial Officer (2018-2021) and Vice President Global JVs & CEO Office (2017-2018). He has broad experience from senior finance and strategy positions at Sapa (2012-2017) and Orkla (2005-2012).

He holds a degree ("Siviløkonom") from the Norwegian School of Economics (NHH), a four-year programme in economics and business administration.

Mónica Andrés Enríquez - EVP, Europe

Ms. Andrés Enríquez (born 1970) has served as EVP Europe since July 2021.

Ms. Andrés has previously held several positions in the company. She was VP Farming Solutions Europe (2020-2021), Project Manager for Yara Europe Strategy and SVP BU South Europe (2019-2020), SVP BU Asia (2017-2019), and Country manager for Spain and Portugal (2013-2016). She was employed by Hydro in 1998 as field agronomist.

Ms. Andrés holds a master's degree in Business Administration from Instituto de Empresa Spanish Business School and a degree in Agronomy Engineering from the Spanish Polytechnic University of Engineers (ETSIA).

Solveig Hellebust - EVP, People, Process and Digitalization

Ms. Hellebust (born 1967) has served as EVP People, Process and Digitalization, since July 2021.

Ms. Hellebust joined Yara in December 2020 in the position of Senior Vice President and Chief HR Officer. For almost 11 years (2009-2019), Ms. Hellebust was Group Executive Vice President at DNB with 9 years as Group Executive Vice President HR, followed by the role of Group Executive Vice President People and Operations. She has also held various executive HR roles in Pronova BioPharma (2004-2009) and Telenor (2001-2004). Prior to her executive roles, Ms. Hellebust served three years as Associate Professor of Economics at BI Norwegian Business School.

She holds a Ph.D. degree in Agricultural Trade from the Norwegian University of Life Sciences (1998), M.Sc. in Agricultural Economics from University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign (1995) and a Master of Management and Economics ("Siviløkonom") from BI Norwegian Business School (1992).

Pål Hestad - EVP, Global Plants & Operational Excellence

Mr. Hestad (born in 1971) has served as Executive Vice President Global Plants & Operational Excellence since June 2020.

Mr. Hestad has been a Yara employee since 1995. Since then, Mr. Hestad has held several positions at Yara's Glomfjord plant (Process Engineer, Operations Engineer, Productivity Engineer, Production Manager and Plant Manager). He has also held the positions of Head of Productivity (2003-2004),

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Regional Plant Manager (2010-2012), Regional Head of Production (2012-2018), and Senior Vice President Production (2018-2020).

Mr. Hestad holds a Master's degree in Industrial Electrochemistry from Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU).

Fernanda Lopes Larsen - EVP, Africa & Asia

Mrs. Lopes Larsen (born 1974) has served as Executive Vice President Africa & Asia since September 2020.

Mrs. Lopes Larsen joined Yara in 2012 and has since held several senior positions in the Company, the most recent being Senior Vice President for Indirect Procurement (2016-2020). Prior to joining Yara, Mrs. Lopes Larsen held manufacturing and procurement positions in consumer goods and pharmaceutical companies Procter & Gamble and GlaxoSmithKline.

She holds an MSc in Civil Engineering from Graz University of Technology, Austria in addition to a specialization in Corporate Innovation from Stanford University, United States.

Chrystel Monthean - EVP, Americas

Mrs. Monthean (born 1967) has served as Executive Vice President Americas since September 2020.

Mrs. Monthean has been a Yara employee since 1991. Her previous positions in the company include EVP Africa & Asia (since June 2020), Manager, BU Latin America (2018-2020), Value Chain Director (2013-2018), and Managing Director of Yara Vietnam (2007-2013). She held roles in various commercial functions and countries in Europe prior to moving to Asia and Latin America.

She holds a degree in agronomy engineering from ENITHP, and an MA in International Business and Technology Transfer from Rouen Business School.

Kristine Ryssdal - EVP & General Counsel

Mrs Ryssdal (born 1960) has served as Executive Vice President & General Counsel since July 2021.

She previously held the position of EVP HR & General Counsel (2020-2021) and EVP General Counsel (2016-2020). Before joining Yara, Mrs Ryssdal held the position of Vice President Legal at Statoil (2012-2016). Prior to this, Ryssdal was Senior Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of Renewable Energy Corporation ASA (2008-2012), Senior Advisor Commercial & Legal Affairs at Norsk Hydro / Statoil Hydro (2006-2008), Legal Counsel at Norsk Hydro (1998-2006), and Attorney at the Attorney General's office (1987-1998). Mrs Ryssdal holds a Master of Laws degree from the London School of Economics, in addition to a Law degree from the University of Oslo.

Board members Vartdal and Mathisen have for a period not participated in Board matters related to Yara Clean Ammonia due to their positions as EVP Wind and Solar in Statkraft and CEO in C4IR Ocean respectively. For other persons referred to in this section – chapter 7 - there are currently no potential conflicts of interests between any duties to the Company and their private interests or other duties.

The Company's registered business address is Drammensveien 131, 0277 Oslo, Norway, serves as c/o address for all the persons referred to in this section – chapter 7.

Board Audit and Sustainability Committee (BASC)

The Board Audit and Sustainability Committee (BASC) assists the Board of Directors in supervision of the integrity of the Company's accounts, the process for financial and sustainability reporting and the internal control related to financial and sustainability reporting and risk management and performance of the external auditor. The BASC further evaluates the performance of the internal audit

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function related to areas within the mandate of BASC, ensuring sustainability governance processes provide an understanding of the company's significant stakeholders and materiality. The BASC conducts an annual evaluation according to its mandate. The committee consists of three members of the Board; Adele Bugge Norman Pran (Chair), Håkon Reistad Fure and Rune Bratteberg.

Nomination Committee

The main purpose of the nomination committee is to recommend shareholder-elected candidates for the board of directors and nomination committee to the annual general meeting.

The Nomination Committee consists of the following members, all of whom are independent of the Board and Executive Management: Otto Sjøberg, Chair (CEO of Eksportkreditt Norge AS), Thorunn Kathrine Bakke (Director, Norwegian Ministry of Industry, Trade and Fisheries), Ottar Ertzeid (Group Executive Vice President DNB Markets) and Ann Kristin Brautaset (Deputy Director Equities at Folketrygdfondet (the Norwegian National Insurance Scheme fund)).

HR Committee

The HR Committee reviews the performance of, and proposes terms and compensation for, the CEO to the Board of Directors. The committee also reviews and proposes guidelines for executive remuneration and material employment matters, and advises the CEO on other HR matters. The HR Committee consists of three members elected by the Board from its own members: Trond Berger (Chair), Geir Olav Sundbø, and Birgitte Ringstad Vartdal.

8. Major shareholders

The Company's share capital is NOK 433,033,565.90, divided into 254,725,627 ordinary shares, each with a nominal value of NOK 1.70. There are no restrictions on the transferability of Yara shares, and the shares are freely negotiable. Yara International ASA has one class of shares, all with equal voting rights and the right to receive dividends. The shares are registered in VPS under ISIN NO0010208051.

The Yara International ASA shares are listed on Oslo Børs. The ticker code is YAR.

The 20 largest shareholders in Yara International ASA as of 30.11.2021:

Shareholders	Country	Number of shares	Share of total
Ministry of Trade, Industry and Fisheries	NOR	92,239,891	36.20%
The Government Pension Fund Norway	NOR	18,071,578	7.10%
State Street Bank	USA	10,096,001	4.00%
JP Morgan Chase Bank	USA	3,964,798	1.60%
Clearstream Banking	LUX	3,123,984	1.20%
State Street Bank	USA	2,475,091	1.00%
State Street Bank	USA	1,991,979	0.80%
The Northern Trust	GBR	1,872,786	0.70%
State Street Bank	USA	1,772,887	0.70%
KLP Aksje Norge	NOR	1,694,943	0.70%
State Street Bank	USA	1,683,952	0.70%
Brown Brothers Harriman	USA	1,650,051	0.60%
JP Morgan Chase Bank	GBR	1,639,222	0.60%
Brown Brothers Harriman	USA	1,468,500	0.60%
JPMorgan Chase Bank	GBR	1,467,423	0.60%
Storebrand Norge	NOR	1,417,255	0.60%
JPMorgan Chase Bank	USA	1,280,962	0.50%
The Bank of New York Mellon	LUX	1,241,377	0.50%
The Northern Trust	GBR	1,240,047	0.50%
Pareto Aksje Norge	NOR	1,205,154	0.50%

The Government of Norway owns 36.2% of Yara's shares, held by the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Fisheries. The objectives and exercising of shareholder rights by the Government are published in the white paper Report Meld. St. 8 (2019-2020) to the Norwegian Parliament about the State's direct ownership of companies.

The State's ownership in Yara is classified within category 2 ("Goal of the highest possible return and special rationale for ownership") and states that "This category comprises the companies where the state's goal is the highest possible return over time and where the state has a specific rationale for its ownership."

In relation to Yara International, it is further stated that "The state's rationale for its ownership interest in Yara is to maintain a leading technology and industrial company with head office functions in Norway. The state's goal as an owner is the highest possible return over time"

Other than described above, there are no measures in place to ensure that such control is not abused. There are no arrangements, known to the Company, the operation of which may at a subsequent date result in a change of control of the Company.

9. Financial information

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the European Union (EU) and effective as of 31 December 2020. Yara also provides additional disclosures in accordance with requirements in the Norwegian Accounting Act.

The financial information of Yara International ASA is incorporated by reference. Please see the cross-reference list in section 11 in this Registration Document:

<u>Yara International ASA</u>	<i>Parent 2020 audited</i>	<i>Group 2020 audited</i>	<i>Group 2021 unaudited</i>
Income statement	Page 215	Page 111	Page 10
Balance sheet	Page 216	Page 114 - 115	Page 13 - 14
Cash flow statement	Page 218	Page 116	Page 15
Notes	Page 221 - 240	Page 120 - 213	Page 16 - 29
Accounting principles	Page 219 - 220	Page 117 - 119	Page 16
Auditors report	Page 244 - 248	Page 244 - 248	-

2021: <https://www.yara.com/siteassets/investors/057-reports-and-presentations/quarterly-reports/2021/4q-2021/yara-4q-2021-report.pdf>

2020: <https://www.yara.com/siteassets/investors/057-reports-and-presentations/annual-reports/2020/yara-integrated-report-2020-web.pdf>

The Company's historical financial information for 2020 has been audited, the 2021 financial information has not, as it is based on the Q4 2021 financial report disclosed on 8 February. The audited annual report for the financial year 2021 will be released later during the year.

OTHER STATEMENTS

Financial statements and trend information

There is no significant change in the financial position of the Group which has occurred since the end of the last financial period for which either audited financial statements or interim financial statements have been published. Furthermore, there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Company since the date of the last published audited financial statements, and there is no significant change in the financial performance of the Group since the end of the last financial period for which financial information has been published to the date of the Registration Document.

There are no known trends, uncertainties, demands, commitments or events that are reasonably likely to have a material effect on the Company's prospects for at least the current financial year.

Legal and arbitration proceedings

There are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Company is aware), during a period covering at least the previous 12 months which may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on the Company's and/or Group's financial position or profitability.

Material contracts

There are no material contracts that are not entered into in the ordinary course of the Company's business, which could result in any group member being under an obligation or entitlement that is

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material to the Company's ability to meet its obligation to security holders in respect of the securities being issued.

SUMMARY OF DISCLOSED INFORMATION

All of Yara International ASA's announcements are available at NewsWeb:

<https://newsweb.oslobors.no/search?category=&issuer=7760&fromDate=&toDate=&market=&messageTitle=>

The below table is a summary of the information disclosed by the Company under Regulation (EU) 596/2014 over the last 12 months which is relevant at the date of the Registration Document.

ADDITIONAL REGULATED INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED UNDER THE LAWS OF A MEMBER STATE	
Date	Description
08.02.2022	Key information related to proposed cash dividend to be paid by Yara International ASA
02.11.2021	Yara International: successful placement of new bonds
29.10.2021	Yara International: Fixed Income investor calls and contemplated bond issuance
22.09.2021	Financial calendar
06.09.2021	Yara approves dividend of NOK 20 per share
13.08.2021	Notice of Yara Extraordinary General Meeting
12.08.2021	Key dates for proposed additional dividend
01.08.2021	Yara continues its transformation with divestment of Salitre phosphate mining project in Brazil
23.06.2021	Yara further strengthens transformation focus
06.05.2021	Yara general meeting approves dividend and new share buyback authorization
12.04.2021	Correction: Key dates for the Yara International ASA 2020 dividend
09.04.2021	Key dates for the Yara International ASA 2020 dividend
09.04.2021	Notice of Yara Annual General Meeting
18.02.2021	Yara partners with Statkraft and Aker Horizons to establish Europe's first large-scale green ammonia project in Norway
04.01.2021	Yara sells LIFECO stake to Libya's National Oil Corporation
ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND AUDIT REPORTS	
Date	Description
26.03.2021	Yara publishes 2020 Integrated Report
HALF YEARLY FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDIT REPORTS / LIMITED REVIEWS	
Date	Description
08.02.2022	Yara delivers improved results, proposes NOK 30 per share dividend
04.02.2022	Reminder: Program for the publication of Yara International ASA fourth quarter results 2021
21.01.2022	Program for the publication of Yara International ASA fourth quarter results 2021
20.10.2021	Yara reports improved returns
18.10.2021	Reminder: Program for the publication of Yara International ASA third quarter results 2021
06.10.2021	Program for the publication of Yara International ASA third quarter results 2021
16.07.2021	Yara delivers improved returns, proposes additional dividend
15.07.2021	Reminder: Program for the publication of Yara International ASA second quarter results 2021
07.07.2021	Program for the publication of Yara International ASA second quarter results 2021
23.04.2021	Yara delivers improved returns with continued premium product growth

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22.04.2021	Reminder: Program for the publication of Yara International ASA first quarter results 2021
14.04.2021	Program for the publication of Yara International ASA first quarter results 2021
09.02.2021	Yara proposes NOK 20 per share dividend, establishes Clean Ammonia unit
09.02.2021	Yara foreslår utbytte på NOK 20 og etablerer Clean Ammonia-enhet
08.02.2021	Reminder: Program for the publication of Yara International ASA fourth quarter results 2020
29.01.2021	Program for the publication of Yara International ASA fourth quarter results 2020

MANDATORY NOTIFICATION OF TRADE PRIMARY INSIDERS

Date	Description
08.11.2021	Yara share purchases and mandatory notification of trades
05.11.2021	Yara employee share purchase program and mandatory notification of trades
17.09.2021	Share purchase by Yara Board member
08.03.2021	Yara SBR share purchases
22.02.2021	Correction: Share purchase by Yara Management
22.02.2021	Share purchase by Yara Management
18.02.2021	Share transfer by Yara Board member

EX DATE

Date	Description
07.09.2021	Yara International ASA ex-dividend NOK 20 today
07.05.2021	Yara International ASA ex-dividend NOK 20 today

NON-REGULATORY PRESS RELEASES

Date	Description
09.03.2022	Yara curtails production due to increased natural gas prices
22.02.2022	Yara International: Divestment of Salitre phosphate mining project completed
13.01.2022	Yara and Lantmännen sign first commercial agreement for fossil free fertilizers
10.01.2022	Yara initiates Belarus sourcing wind-down due to effects of sanctions on supply chain, while continuing safety program and trade union support
17.12.2021	Yara begins electrifying the factory at Herøya
15.12.2021	Yara ammonia curtailment volume update
15.12.2021	Changes to the Yara Group Executive Board
17.09.2021	Yara curtails ammonia production due to increased natural gas prices

ACQUISITION OR DISPOAL OF THE ISSUER'S OWN SHARES

Date	Description
15.07.2021	Registration of share capital reduction
24.03.2021	Repurchase of own shares by Yara International ASA and completion of share buy-back program
22.03.2021	Repurchase of own shares by Yara International ASA
15.03.2021	Repurchase of own shares by Yara International ASA
08.03.2021	Repurchase of own shares by Yara International ASA
26.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
25.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
24.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
23.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
22.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
19.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
18.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
17.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
16.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
15.02.2021	Share Buy Back Notification - Yara International - 15/02/2021
12.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
11.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
10.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
09.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
08.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International

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05.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
04.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
03.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
02.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
01.02.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
29.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
28.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
27.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
26.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
25.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
22.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
21.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
20.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
19.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
18.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
15.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
14.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
13.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
12.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
11.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
08.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
07.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
06.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
05.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International
04.01.2021	Buy-back of own shares - Yara International

10. Documents on display

For the term of the Registration Document the following documents where applicable, can be inspected:

- the up to date memorandum and articles of association of the Company;
- all reports, letters, and other documents, valuations and statements prepared by any expert at the Company's request any part of which is included or referred to in the Registration Document.

The documents may be inspected at the Company's website: <https://www.yara.com/>

11. Cross reference list

In section 5 of this Registration Document, information regarding the Company's materials subsidiaries is incorporated by reference to Yara's Annual Report 2020, note 8.4 (consolidated).

In section 9 of this Registration Document, the financial information is incorporated by reference to the following:

- Information concerning Yara International ASA's 2021 figures is incorporated by reference from Yara's fourth-quarter report 2021.
- Information concerning Yara International ASA's 2020 figures is incorporated by reference from Yara's Annual Report 2020.

The financial report is available at:

2021: <https://www.yara.com/siteassets/investors/057-reports-and-presentations/quarterly-reports/2021/4q-2021/yara-4q-2021-report.pdf>

2020: <https://www.yara.com/siteassets/investors/057-reports-and-presentations/annual-reports/2020/yara-integrated-report-2020-web.pdf>